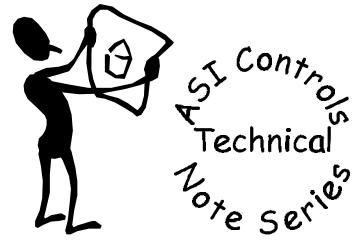




# Using 10K Thermistors

Effects: all ASIC/2 Devices

Date: June 30, 1998



Note No. TE003

The ASIC/2 controllers come with a built-in lookup table suitable for interfacing with a Type II 3,000 ohm thermistor. During project retrofits many installers have come across the Type III 10,000 ohm thermistor. This application note discusses setting up and input and lookup table to read and display degrees Fahrenheit of a 10,000 ohm thermistor. The temperature versus material resistance curve is attached for reference.

Set up the input as an analog with a convert type Lookup-1 (See Diagram Below).

```
+-----+
| OBJECT 5 - ANALOG INPUT (05-INP1.SCP) Any Index          SETSYS 1.4
| Index Name: Return Air Temperature           (ASIC/2-7040 FW740C Only)
| * STATUS
| +Present Value      0      0   Low Alarm Status : OK
| Previous Value      0      0   High Alarm Status : OK
| Scan Timer          : 0      Low Limit Fault Status : OK
| Input Override      : No    High Limit Fault Status: OK
| Input OK            : OK    Fail to Default     : No
|                      : OK    Override to Default : No
|                      : OK    +Action             : 0
| * CONFIGURATION
| Description: Supply Air Temp
| Index Enable       : Yes   Units      : 16 0.01 °C
| Input Type(01 = Analog): 1 AI - Analog Input (0-5v)
| Convert Type        : 81 Lk1 - 0 offset x1.0
|                      : Utility Index Number : 1
| Scan Interval (s)   : 1
| Smoothing Coefficient : 0   Fail to Default Enable : No
| Input Offset        : 0   Override to Default Enable: No
|                      : 0   Default Value       : 0
| Low Alarm Enable    : No   Low Limit Enable     : No
| High Alarm Enable   : No   High Limit Enable   : No
| Low Alarm Setpoint  : 0    Low Limit Setpoint  : 0
| High Alarm Setpoint : 0    High Limit Setpoint : 0
+-----<Index 0 >---+
```

Convert Type is Lookup-1. The input uses information stored in Utility object to display correct engineering units.

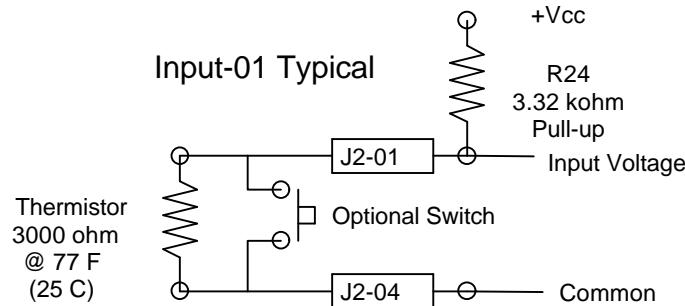
Utility Index number that stores the lookup table information.

You are now ready to fill in the lookup table with the temperature information.

```
+-----+
| OBJECT 16 - UTILITY CONFIGURATION (16-UTL2.SCP) Any Index          SETSYS 1.3
| Index Name: 10K Ohm Lookup Table           ASIC/2-7040
| Unsigned   Signed   Hex          Unsigned   Signed   Hex   Char
| Attr-00:    0      0 0 h      Attr-03:    0      0 0 h
| Attr-01:    0      0 0 h      Attr-04:    0      0 0 h
| Attr-02:    0      0 0 h
| Attr-05:   33     33 21 h      Attr-22:   7700   7700 1E14 h
| Attr-06: 19709  19709 4CFD h      Attr-23:  7171   7171 1C03 h
| Attr-07: 19709  19709 4CFD h      Attr-24:  6615   6615 19D7 h
| Attr-08: 19709  19709 4CFD h      Attr-25:  6063   6063 17AF h
| Attr-09: 19709  19709 4CFD h      Attr-26:  5523   5523 1593 h
| Attr-10: 17730  17730 4542 h      Attr-27:  4941   4941 134D h
| Attr-11: 16229  16229 3F65 h      Attr-28:  4381   4381 111D h
| Attr-12: 14981  14981 3A85 h      Attr-29:  3787   3787 ECB h
| Attr-13: 13930  13930 366A h      Attr-30:  3141   3141 C45 h
| Attr-14: 13010  13010 32D2 h      Attr-31:  2484   2484 9B4 h
| Attr-15: 12176  12176 2F90 h      Attr-32:  1771   1771 6EB h
| Attr-16: 11430  11430 2CA6 h      Attr-33:  969    969 3C9 h
| Attr-17: 10741  10741 29F5 h      Attr-34:   49     49 31 h
| Attr-18: 10085  10085 2765 h      Attr-35:  64470  -1066 FBD6 h
| Attr-19:  9445   9445 24E5 h      Attr-36:  63034  -2502 F63A h
| Attr-20:  8861   8861 229D h      Attr-37:  60784  -4752 ED70 h
| Attr-21:  8287   8287 205F h      Attr-38:  60784  -4752 ED70 h
+-----<Index 1 >---
```

## The Magic Behind the setup

Through the input circuitry the sensors varying resistance is read as a varying voltage at the controllers input. The sensed voltage is converted, by way of an analog-to-digital (A/D) converter to a “bit count”. The ASIC/2-7040, FW740A.. uses 10 bit conversion on all Inputs. The value is linear to the voltage and varies from 0 - 1023 as the voltage varies from 0 - 5 Vdc.



The pull-up resistor along with the thermistor create a voltage-dividing circuit to the input. In the case of a 10,000 ohm, replace the standard 3.32Kohm or 1.82Kohm resistor with a 10Kohm resistor. We have calculated the resistance that needs to exist and various voltages points through out the range of the input. Using the chart provided by the manufacture we find the temperature value associated with the resistance and enter that in the lookup table.

### ***Lookup-1; Table Lookup Conversion***

If the analog input has a convert type 81, Lookup-1, then the raw value 0..1023. is converted using a 33 entry lookup table that is in Utility Object. The coefficients are kept in an index of the Utility Object as identified by Utility Index ( Attr-17 LO Byte). The present value is obtained by linear interpolation of the table.

The 33 word look up table conversion  $Y = \text{LOOK\_UP}(\text{Raw})$  has:

Attr-5 = 33 - Number of entries

Attribute No.	Entry No.	Bit Count	Voltage
Attr-6	1	0	0
Attr-7	2	31	0.15625
...			
Attr-21	16	479	2.34375
Attr-22	17	511	2.5
Attr-23	18	543	2.65625
...			
Attr-37	32	991	4.84375
Attr-38	33	1023	5

Note: Smoothing is done after conversion.

Any input using a 10 Kohm thermistor can refer to the same utility index for the conversion information.

## **ASIC/2-7040.**

### **Pull-up resistors**

Pull-up resistors are used to pull the input in the direction of the +5 Vdc supply voltage. The location of the pull-up resistors and other details are described in the ASIC/2-7040 Installation Manual.

### **Factory Pull-up Resistors**

R24 = 3.32 kohm IN-01 Pull-up	R16 = 1.82 kohm IN-09 Pull-up
R23 = 3.32 kohm IN-02 Pull-up	R15 = 1.82 kohm IN-10 Pull-up
R22 = 3.32 kohm IN-03 Pull-up	R14 = 1.82 kohm IN-11 Pull-up
R21 = 3.32 kohm IN-04 Pull-up	R13 = 1.82 kohm IN-12 Pull-up
R20 = 3.32 kohm IN-05 Pull-up	R12 = 1.82 kohm IN-13 Pull-up
R19 = 3.32 kohm IN-06 Pull-up	R11 = 1.82 kohm IN-14 Pull-up
R18 = 3.32 kohm IN-07 Pull-up	R10 = 1.82 kohm IN-15 Pull-up
R17 = 3.32 kohm IN-08 Pull-up	R09 = 1.82 kohm IN-16 Pull-up

## **ASIC/2-8040.**

### **Pull-up resistors**

Pull-up resistors are used to pull the input in the direction of the +5 Vdc supply voltage. The location of the pull-up resistors and other details are described in the ASIC/2-8040 Installation Manual.

All inputs have pin sockets. Inputs that are not used for sequence control can be assigned to other functions with the proper pull-up resistors installed.

### **The factory pull-up resistors for the ASIC/1-8040.**

IN-01 Pull-up R13 =3.32 kohm 1% 1/4
IN-02 Pull-up R14 =3.32 kohm 1% 1/4
IN-03 Pull-up R11 =3.32 kohm 1% 1/4
IN-04 Pull-up R12 =3.32 kohm 1% 1/4
IN-05 Pull-up R9 =1.82 kohm 1% 1/4
IN-06 Pull-up R10 =1.82 kohm 1% 1/4
IN-07 Pull-up R7 =1.82 kohm 1% 1/4
IN-08 Pull-up R8 =1.82 kohm 1% 1/4

Remember to replace the pull-up resistor for the input using the 10K thermistor.